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DATE MAILED: 08/02/2002

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09 701,261	02 27 2001	Klaus Akilles Lunden	0459-0495P	8716	
2292 75	590 08 02 2002				
BIRCH STEW	VART KOLASCH & B	EXAMINER			
PO BOX 747 FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747			FORTUNA, JOSE A		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1731	()	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No. 09/701,261

Applicant(s)

Lunden et al.

Examine

Office Action Summary

José A. Fortuna

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	The MAILING DATE of this communication appear	rs on the	e cover sh	eet with	the correspondence address			
Period f	or Reply							
	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SI MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	ET TO E	XPIRE	3	MONTH(S) FROM			
- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the								
	date of this communication. eriod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply withi	in the statu	tory minimum	of thirty (3	30) days will be considered timely			
	eriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will app to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, caus							
- Any rep	ly received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date							
Status	patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
	Responsive to communication(s) filed on Jul 10,	2002						
2a) :	This action is FINAL . 2b) X: This a	action is	non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
4) X	Claim(s) 24-45				is/are pending in the application.			
4	a) Of the above, claim(s) 43-45				is/are withdrawn from consideration.			
5)	Claim(s)				is/are allowed.			
6) 💢	Claim(s) <u>24-42</u>				is/are rejected.			
7)	Claim(s)				is/are objected to.			
8)	Claims		are	subjec	t to restriction and/or election requirement.			
Applicat	ion Papers							
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10).	The drawing(s) filed on is/a	are a)	accepte	d or b)	objected to by the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the							
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on		is:	a) 🗌	approved b) $\overline{\mathbb{Q}}$ disapproved by the Examiner.			
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	ly to this	Office act	tion.				
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	miner.						
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign	priority	under 35	U.S.C	. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
a) 🗶	All b)☐ Some* c)☐ None of:							
1	1. X: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.							
	Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bu	ıreau (P	CT Rule 1	7.2(a)).				
*Se	e the attached detailed Office action for a list of		•					
14)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domes							
a)	The translation of the foreign language provision							
15)	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domes	tic prior	ity under	35 U.S.	.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.			
Attachme								
1) Not	ice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4)			0-413) Paper No(s).			
	ice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5)		ormal Pate	nt Application (PTO-152)			
3) X Info	irmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s). $-3,6$	6)	Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restriction

1. Claims 42-44 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election

was made without traverse in Paper No. 11.

Claim Objections

2. The numbering of claims is not in accordance with 37 CFR 1.126 which requires the

original numbering of the claims to be preserved throughout the prosecution. When claims are

canceled, the remaining claims must not be renumbered. When new claims are presented, they

must be numbered consecutively beginning with the number next following the highest numbered

claims previously presented (whether entered or not).

Misnumbered claims 31, 34-41 been renumbered 34-42. The claim following claim 33 was

erroneously numbered as claim 31, so the claim was renumbered as 34 and so the claims that

followed it.

From hereafter renumbered claims would be referenced

3. Claims 31, 33 and 36 are objected to because of the following informalities: no space was

left between the word "claim" and the referenced claim number or between the number and the

following word, e.g., in claim 31, "30wherein"; claim 33, "claim32containing," claim 36,

"32wherein.". Appropriate correction is required.

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Specification

4. The following guidelines illustrate the preferred layout and content for patent applications.

These guidelines are suggested for the applicant's use.

Arrangement of the Specification

The following order or arrangement is preferred in framing the specification and, except for the reference to the drawings, each of the lettered items should appear in upper case, without underling or bold type, as section headings. If no text follows the section heading, the phrase "Not Applicable" should follow the section heading:

- (a) Title of the Invention.
- (b) Cross-Reference to Related Applications.
- © Statement Regarding Federally Sponsored Research or Development.
- (d) Reference to a "Sequence Listing," a table, or a computer program listing appendix submitted on compact disc (see 37 CFR 1.52(e)(5)).
- (e) Background of the Invention.
 - 1. Field of the Invention.
 - Description of the Related Art including information disclosed under 37
 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
- (f) Brief Summary of the Invention.
- (g) Brief Description of the Several Views of the Drawing(s).

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(h) Detailed Description of the Invention.

- (I) Claim or Claims (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (j) Abstract of the Disclosure (commencing on a separate sheet).
- (k) Drawings.
- (line) Sequence Listing, if on paper (see 37 CFR 1.821-1.825).

Note that the brief description of the drawings is/was not included.

5. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

The title states the use of the PCC is as filter, should it be "as a filler"?

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 112

6. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 7. Claims 25, 34 and 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 8. A broad range or limitation together with a narrow range or limitation that falls within the broad range or limitation (in the same claim) is considered indefinite, since the resulting claim does not clearly set forth the metes and bounds of the patent protection desired. Note the explanation given by the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences in *Ex parte Wu*, 10 USPQ2d 2031, 2033 (Bd. Pat. App. & Inter. 1989), as to where broad language is followed by "such as"

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and then narrow language. The Board stated that this can render a claim indefinite by raising a question or doubt as to whether the feature introduced by such language is (a) merely exemplary of the remainder of the claim, and therefore not required, or (b) a required feature of the claims. Note also, for example, the decisions of *Ex parte Steigewald*, 131 USPQ 74 (Bd. App. 1961); *Ex parte Hall*, 83 USPQ 38 (Bd. App. 1948); and *Ex parte Hasche*, 86 USPQ 481 (Bd. App. 1949). In the present instance, claim 25 recites the broad recitation of the paper being a SC paper, and the claim also recites the paper is SC-A paper which is the narrower statement of the range/limitation.

A broad range or limitation followed by linking terms (e.g., preferably, **in particular**, maybe, for instance, especially) and a narrow range or limitation within the broad range or limitation is considered indefinite since the resulting claim does not clearly set forth the metes and bounds of the patent protection desired.

In claims 34 and 42, are vague and indefinite as to what silicate, oxides, hydroxides and sulphate containing minerals applicants are referring to. The metes and bounds of patent protection desired can not be ascertained.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 102

9. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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10. Claims 24 and 28-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Gill et al., US Patent No. 4,892,590.

Gill et al. teach a method of making paper and pare made thereof, in which a colloidal, precipitated calcium carbonate, (PCC), is added to the pulp in amounts up to 3%, see abstract and column 3, lines 44-48. Gill et al. teach that the surface area, (BET), of the PCC is between 10 to 200 m²/g, see column 3, lines 24-28, which is within the claimed range. Gill et al. teach the combination of the PCC with other fillers, see column 3, lines 49-68.

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371© of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) do not apply to the examination of this application as the application being examined was not (1) filed on or after November 29, 2000, or (2) voluntarily published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b). Therefore, this application is examined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

11. Claims 24 and 28-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Nishiguchi et al., US Patent No. 5,879,442.

Nishiguchi et al. teach a method of making paper and pare made thereof, in which a colloidal, precipitated calcium carbonate, (PCC), is added to the pulp in amounts of at least 2%, see abstract and column 6, line 62 through column 7, line 7. Nishiguchi et al. teach that the

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surface area, (BET), of the PCC is between 5 to 25 m²/g, see column 4, lines 10-19, which is within the claimed range. Nishiguchi et al. teach the combination of the PCC with other fillers, see column 6, line 62 through column 7, line 7.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

- 12. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 13. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Column.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor

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and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103© and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

14. Claims 25-27, 37-42 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gill et al. or Nishiguchi et al.

Neither Gill et al. nor Nishiguchi et al. teach the super calendering of the paper bo make a SC, SC-A or SC-B nor newsprint, paper. However one of ordinary would have reasonable expectation of success if the base paper disclosed by the references is used to make any type of paper including Super Calendered papers, either SC-A or SC-B, or newsprint paper. As to the porosity of the paper, this seems to be either inherent to the paper disclosed by the references, since the addition amount is within the claimed range or at least the minor modifications to obtain the claimed porosity would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art. Note that optimizing result effective variables is within the levels of ordinary skill in the art, absent a showing of unexpected results.

Conclusion

- 15. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure in the art of use of "Colloidal PCC."
- 16. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to José Fortuna, whose telephone number is (703)305-7498. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 9:30 A.M. to 5:30 P.M.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven P. Griffin, can be reached on (703)308-1164. The fax number for this group is (703)305-7115.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0661.

When filing a FAX in group 1730, please indicate in the Header (upper right) "Official" for papers that are to be entered into the file, and "Unofficial" for draft documents and other communication with the PTO that are not for entry into the file of the application. This will expedite processing of your papers.

José A. Fortuna July 25, 2002

JOSÉ FORTUNA PRIMARY EXAMINER ART UNIT 1731